Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work 1 by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2005

California--state government

Characteristic	State government 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transport- ation, and utilities ⁴	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administra- tion
Total	8,990					8,990				40	2,910		-	6,030
Sex:														
Men	4,990					4,990				30	1,240			3,720
Women	3,990					3,990					1,670			2,310
Age:														
14 to 15														
16 to 19	90					90					30			60
20 to 24	350					350					190			160
25 to 34	1,630	-				1,630					450			1,180
35 to 44	2,740					2,740					750			1,990
45 to 54	2,870					2,870				30	1,050			1,790
55 to 64	1,170					1,170					410			750
65 and over	140	-	-			140		-			30	-		110
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	260					260					90			170
3 to 11 months						630					290			330
1 to 5 years						2,660					980			1,660
More than 5 years	5,450					5,450				20	1,550			3,880
Race or ethnic origin:														
White only	770					770					200			560
Black only	290					290					170			120
Hispanic or Latino only						580					210			370
Asian only	190					190					140			50
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	20					20								
American Indian or Alaskan Native only												-		
Hispanic or Latino and other race	40					40								40
Multi-race														
Not reported	7,100					7,100				30	2,190			4,880

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.